1 Awarding Institution
Newcastle University

2 Teaching Institution
Newcastle University

3 Final Award
MMath Honours or MMathStat Honours

4 Programme Title
G103 Mathematics
GGC3 Mathematics and Statistics
1168U Mathematics with Placement Year
1169U Mathematics and Statistics with Placement Year

5 UCAS/Programme Code
See 4.

6 Programme Accreditation
Institute of Mathematics and its Applications

7 QAA Subject Benchmark(s)
Mathematics, Statistics and Operational Research

8 FHEQ Level
7

9 Date written/revised
July 2021

10 Programme Aims

1 The two programmes aim to provide an in-depth understanding of mathematics and statistics for those who wish to enhance their employability by acquiring greater technical skills than those provided by the BSc programme, or who may wish to proceed to postgraduate study.

2 The structure aims to produce graduates who have a sound, broad knowledge of the fundamental aspects of mathematics and statistics, complemented by a knowledge of specialist areas, and an awareness of applications of these subjects.

3 The structure aims to develop students’ ability to reason logically and their capacity for mathematical and statistical thinking, and to equip students with a range of subject-related key skills.

For students on the Placement Year programme:

4 Provide students with the experience of seeking and securing a position with an employer.

5 Facilitate independent self-management and proactive interaction in a non-university setting.

6 Provide a period of practical work experience that will benefit current academic study and longer term career plans.

7 Enable students to ethically apply their knowledge and skills in the work place, reflect upon their development and effectively evidence and articulate their learning in relevant future settings.

11 Learning Outcomes

The programme provides opportunities for students to develop and demonstrate knowledge and understanding, qualities, skills and other attributes in the following areas. The programme outcomes have references to the benchmark statements for Mathematics, Statistics and Operational Research.

Knowledge and Understanding

On completing the programme students should have:

A1 A broad understanding of fundamental concepts and methods of mathematics and statistics.
### Teaching and Learning Methods

Lectures are the principal vehicle for presenting the essential material which defines the module, and provide the key element towards achieving the learning outcomes A1-A3. Problem classes are used to support lectures and enhance students’ understanding by providing an opportunity to clarify issues arising from lectures and work through additional examples. In Stage 1, there is a module that includes regular seminars where students present solutions to mathematical problems.

There are two 10 credit problem solving modules in Stage 1 and three 10 credit modules in Stage 2 that involve significant elements of group learning.

### Assessment Strategy

The standard assessment format, used for most modules, is based on an unseen written examination (counting for at least 70% of the assessment), together with an appropriate mixture of course assignments, in-course tests and mini-projects. These methods all enable assessment of the Learning Outcomes A1-A3. Assessment by unseen examinations is seen as a valid and reliable method of assessing both ability and knowledge. Details of the specific assessment modes and knowledge. Details of the specific assessment modes and weightings, for each module, are set out in the module specification in the Module Catalogue.

In Stages 2 and 3 modules assessed mainly by examination, we use a standard format for examination papers in which there is a Section A, consisting of short, straightforward questions which cover the whole module, and a Section B, with longer questions designed to test a greater depth of understanding. In Stage 1, we set a variety of short and medium length questions enabling the students to demonstrate their knowledge of the subject unconstrained by the need to answer complete long questions.

The modules that incorporate group learning are largely assessed by coursework (a combination of in-course tests, presentations, projects, as appropriate to the module). In Stage 4, assessment is more varied. There is a major project which is assessed by a dissertation, oral presentation and poster presentation.

### Intellectual Skills

On successful completion of the programme students should be able to:

| B1  | Formulate problems. |
| B2  | Prove results by following a sequence of logical steps. |
| B3  | Solve problems. |
| B4  | Present data in an understandable way. |
| B5  | Interpret data |

### Teaching and Learning Methods

Regular drop-in sessions are used in all Stages to give students the opportunity to ask individual questions about exercises and to clarify issues arising from lectures. This helps with learning outcomes B1-B3 in most mathematics modules and with B4 and B5 in most statistics modules.
### Assessment Strategy

In-course tests and coursework assignments are designed to allow students to test and develop these intellectual skills. Typically there are three or four assessments in a 10 credit module: a combination of in-course tests, written assignments, mini-project and computer based assessments (CBAs), as appropriate to the module. Stage 1 modules usually have five assessments, and some larger modules at Stage 4 may have more regular assessments (most commonly written assignments). Model solutions to all written assignments are made available to students when the marked work is returned, sometimes earlier if appropriate. Marked work is returned within two weeks of the submission date. Computer based assessments are used in Stage 1 and, to a lesser extent, in Stage 2 to help the students to develop their problem solving skills (B3). The students are given access to try questions in CBA practice mode and then a fixed period to attempt randomly generated questions in ‘exam’ mode. Having completed an assignment, they are given their marks and the full solutions. In-course tests give students practise in problem solving under exam-like conditions (B3). All forms of in-course assessment contribute to both formative and summative assessment.

### Practical Skills

On successful completion of the programme students should be able to:
- **C1** Use the mathematical programme Python to solve various mathematical problems.
- **C2** Use the statistical programming language R to solve various statistical problems.

### Teaching and Learning Methods

Practical classes, held in a computer teaching laboratory, introduce students to the use of computer packages (R and Python). Python and R will be met in Stage 1 problem solving modules, with further development in a Stage 2 computing module (C1, C2).

Students are expected to use the computer network, as appropriate, for homework assignments or minor projects. Such work often starts in a practical session and is finished in the student's own time.

### Assessment Strategy

Computing skills are assessed through tests and mini projects or through questions in coursework assignments. (C1, C2)

### Transferable/Key Skills

On successful completion of the programme students should be able to:
- **D1** Write project reports using Word.
- **D2** Demonstrate a high level of numeracy.
- **D3** Demonstrate a high level of computer literacy.
- **D4** Manage time and prioritise tasks by working to strict deadlines.
- **D5** Communicate effectively to others, orally, in written form in English and in poster format.
- **D6** Take responsibility for their own learning.
- **D7** Give a presentation.
- **D8** Work in a team.
- **D9** Write reports in LaTeX.

For students on the Placement Year programme:
- **D10** Reflect on and manage own learning and development within the workplace.
- **D11** Use existing and new knowledge to enhance personal performance in a workplace environment, evaluate the impact and communicate this process.
- **D12** Use graduate skills in a professional manner in a workplace environment, evaluate the impact and communicate the personal development that has taken place.

### Teaching and Learning Methods

Students learning is supported by weekly or fortnightly exercises (D2 and D3). Project work is normally started within Practical sessions (D1 and D3). Further support is given in drop-
in sessions (D2). Short presentations in Stage 1 introduce presentations skills (D7). The project module in Stage 3 develops higher level presentational skills and provides an environment for group work (D7 and D8). Lectures within the project modules discuss how to give oral and poster presentations and how to use LaTeX (D5 and D6). Weekly supervisory meetings with the Stage 4 project students allows progress to be monitored (D4 and D5).

For students starting Stage 1 from 2015/16, the problem solving modules in Stage 1 will involve presentational skills and group work (D5, D8). For these students, the project module will move to Stage 2 (D5, D8) and a new keys skills/careers management module will include report writing in LaTeX and computer literacy (D1, D3, D5, D9).

### Assessment Strategy

Many statistics modules and some mathematical modules have a project element (D1 and D3). Most modules involve exercises which improve numeracy (D2).

All modules have exercises/projects with strict deadlines (D4). Oral and poster presentations count towards the assessment of the Stage 4 project (D5, D7).

### Programme Curriculum, Structure and Features

#### Basic structure of the programme

These degree programmes last four years and comprise of 480 credits spread equally over the four Stages.

In Stage 1, the School aims first to consolidate and reinforce the students' knowledge on entry, and to provide a sound body of introductory material in mathematical methods and in the three subject areas of Applied Mathematics, Pure Mathematics and Statistics without emphasising boundaries between the subject areas. Students also take problem solving modules that introduce the computing packages Python and R and provide opportunities for teamwork and presentations. This comprises 100 credits of compulsory material.

For the remaining 20 credits in Stage 1, students either take optional modules in the School or study modules outside the School (which enables them to broaden their experience) or take a mixture of the two. The modules outside the School are chosen freely, subject to the timetable; in practice, modules in Computing, Accounting or Business are most frequently chosen.

In Stage 2, all students undertake further compulsory study in each of Applied Mathematics, Pure Mathematics and Statistics. These modules develop relevant knowledge and experience of more theoretical concepts and further analytical techniques. These modules have a weight of 90 credits in all programmes. Students also take a compulsory 10 credit module in computing relevant to Mathematics and Statistics. Most students will take a Mathematical Skills and Career Management module and a Group Project module. These may be replaced by up to 20 credits of modules offered elsewhere in the University at the appropriate level, provided that the alternative modules cover comparable skills.

In Stage 3, a wide choice of modules is provided, extending over the three subject areas. This allows students either to specialise or to continue to study a broad curriculum. There is also a further opportunity to take modules from outside the School (up to 20 credits) at the appropriate level.

Choice of modules at Stage 3 is affected by what a student intends to take in Stage 4.

In Stage 4 students are required to study advanced modules which are intended to take the students closer to the frontiers of research. They also undertake a substantial project in their chosen subject area which develops their skills of independent study and presentation of results both orally and in writing.

Students on the Placement Year programme will be on placement year between Stage 2 & 3 of their programme.
**Key features of the programme (including what makes the programme distinctive)**

A distinctive feature of the School’s curriculum is the flexible structure, operating within the University’s modular system, in which students can choose pathways which provide either:

a) a broad mathematical and statistical education throughout their programme of study, or

b) a general mathematical and statistical background followed by more specialised study of chosen areas.

The balance of modules chosen by a student, through optional choices in Stages 2, 3 and 4, is reflected in the degree title awarded.

**Programme regulations (link to on-line version)**

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Programme Code</th>
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<tbody>
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**13 Support for Student Learning**

Generic information regarding University provision is available at the following link.

[https://www.ncl.ac.uk/ltds/assets/documents/qsh_progspec_generic_info.pdf](https://www.ncl.ac.uk/ltds/assets/documents/qsh_progspec_generic_info.pdf)

**14 Methods for evaluating and improving the quality and standards of teaching and learning**

Generic information regarding University provision is available at the following link.

[https://www.ncl.ac.uk/ltds/assets/documents/qsh_progspec_generic_info.pdf](https://www.ncl.ac.uk/ltds/assets/documents/qsh_progspec_generic_info.pdf)

**Accreditation reports**

**Additional mechanisms**

**15 Regulation of assessment**

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In addition, information relating to the programme is provided in:

The University Prospectus: [http://www.ncl.ac.uk/undergraduate/subject](http://www.ncl.ac.uk/undergraduate/subject)

Degree Programme and University Regulations: [http://www.ncl.ac.uk/regulations/docs/](http://www.ncl.ac.uk/regulations/docs/)

Please note. This specification provides a concise summary of the main features of the programme and of the learning outcomes that a typical student might reasonably be expected to achieve if she/he takes full advantage of the learning opportunities provided.